



EMAIL ARCHIVE BEST PRACTICES

in

contentACCESS version 5.1



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Use case: Email Archive configuration for companies with up to 2,000 mailboxes

This document gives you an overview about how to configure Email archive for the company that is similar to the company in this use case.

Important: Please keep in mind that the names, configurations and units we chose in this use case have an informative character only.

What is contentACCESS?

contentACCESS is an information management platform for migration, collaboration, access, and transformation of data from different sources, any time, from any device.

USE CASE

Goal: TECH-ARROW's mailbox archive

Company size: up to 2,000 mailboxes

Exchange server: Exchange 2010 SP2 in this use case (possible to configure

also O365)

Group to be archived: Archiving

Message classes to be archived: Mails, Documents

Archiving method: HTML shortcut

contentACCESS single server: tacatest

contentACCESS server

externally accessible over: https://tacatest.ta.internal (to be configured in FQDN

settings)

CPU: 2.4 GHz quad core

Memory: 24 GB

Storage: single disk store **Database:** single database

Retention time: 10 years

Scheduler: Provisioning job running at Saturday from 10 PM;



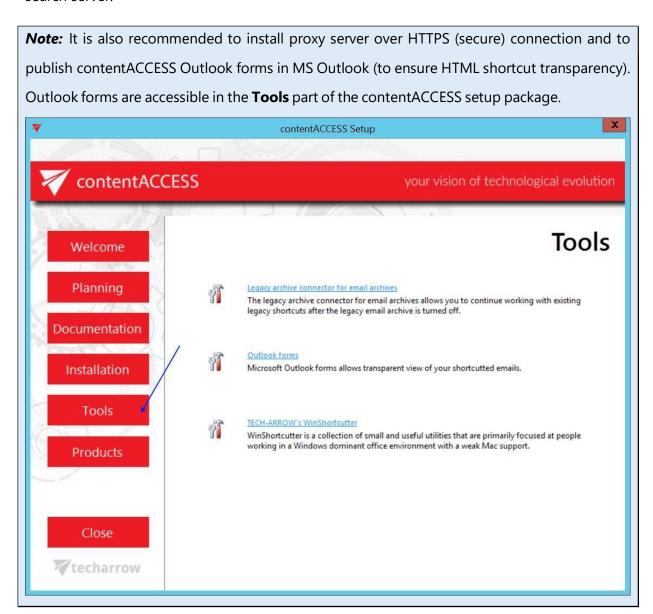
Monitoring feature:

Email archive process running every day from 6 PM Troubleshooting of potential system and job related misconfiguration.



Installing contentACCESS

Install contentACCESS (server, central administration, and contentWEB) on a single server (in our case, *tacatest*) and navigate to the *Central administration* configuration interface of the software (for more details, refer to the **contentACCESS Manual**). Log in with the system user credentials. During the installation, assign 12GB of memory to the Elastic search server.

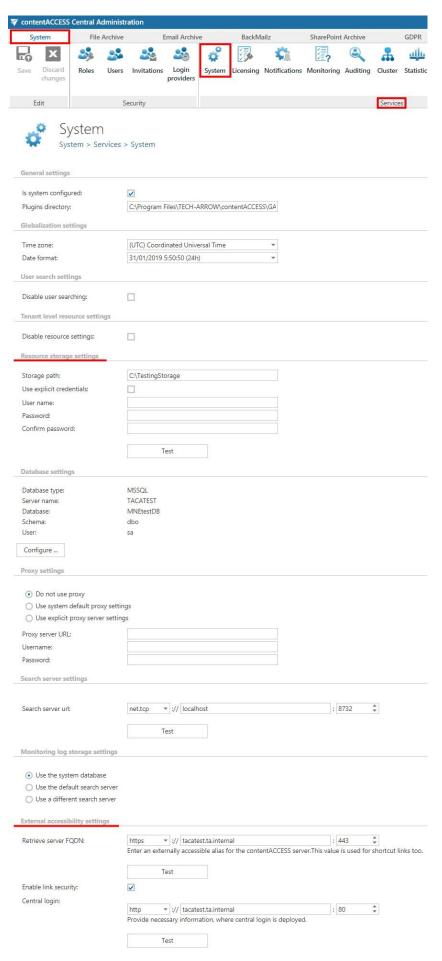




External accessibility settings

Navigate to *System Services System*, configure the Resource storage and specify tellyqualified domain name (FQDN) under *External accessibility settings* – in this use case, https://tacatest.ta.internal, otherwise the links in the HTML shortcuts will not work.



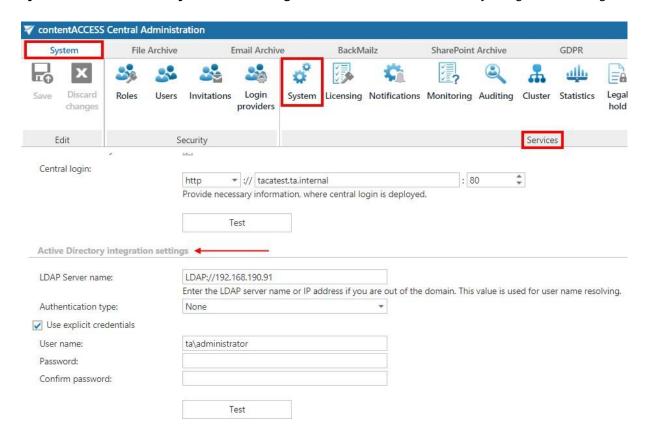




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In case you are using online Exchange server, the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) settings do not need to be configured. If you are using an on-premise Exchange server and in all other cases, the LDAP settings need to be filled in, too. For LDAP settings, navigate to **System -> Services -> System** and configure it under the *Active directory integration settings*.



Adding a tenant

Important: If you have a single tenant-license, you can skip this step, as the **Default** tenant will be automatically created.

Open the **Tenants** page (**System -> Tenants -> Tenants)** and click **+ new**. **Add and Configure** a new tenant & tenant administrator into the system.





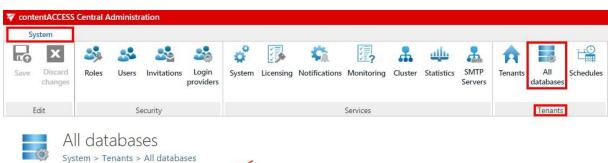
The newly created tenant appears in the upper right corner of the **Central Administration** user interface, like on the picture below:



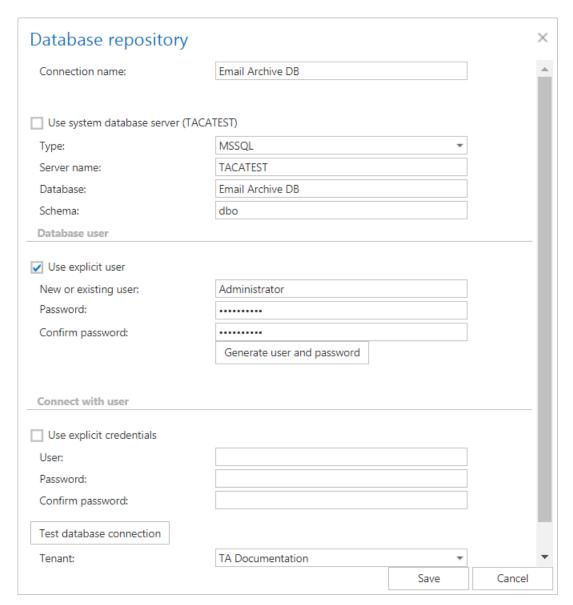
Note: If you want to read the detailed description of tenant creation and configuration, please, check this section of our online documentation.

Creating a database to your tenant

Open page **All databases** (*System* **Tenants All databases**), click **+ create new** and **spelly** the required values in the **Database repository** window. Create a single SQL database to TECH- ARROW tenant with connection name "Email Archive DB" and Database user "Administrator". We won't use the system database server (TACATEST) as it is recommended to use a separate one, so we leave the "Use system database server (TACATEST)" checkbox unchecked. The application will automatically set this first created database to default.







Configuration details

Connection name: the display name of the database in contentACCESS

Option "Use system database server": if the database must be created on the system database server, select this option; otherwise, specify the required database values (**Server name**, **Database**, **Schema**) manually.

In section **Database user,** you need to specify a user for the newly created database: Enter the credentials of the existing MSSQL user or create a new user and password, clicking on the **Generate user and password** button. contentACCESS will give access rights to the database on MSSQL for this user. This newly created user will have access permissions only to



the created database. If you specify no explicit user in this section, then the service user will be used to access the database.

In section Connect with user, you must specify the MSSQL admin credentials:

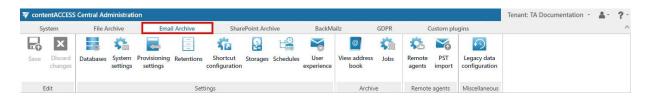
Use explicit credentials: if this checkbox is not checked, then contentACCESS will automatically connect to the database (MSSQL) under the contentACCESS service account. If you wish to connect with an explicit user, then specify an admin user with the rights to create a new database on the database server.

Tenants: select the database owner tenant from the dropdown list (in our case **TECH-ARROW**).

Note: When creating databases, always consider the size of the company and the number of mailboxes archived. For bigger companies with a high number of mailboxes (more than 2,000), it is always recommended to create separate databases, e.g., one for the store and one for the email archive to ensure the transparency of processes. The database created at first will be the default database. This option is configurable on the page of **Databases** using

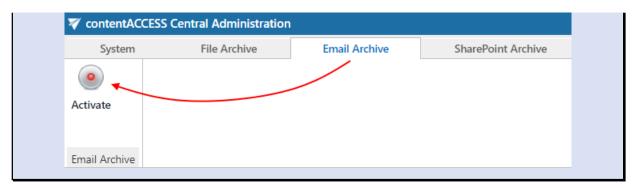
Email Archive settings

Navigate to the Email Archive tab on the ribbon.



Note: When opening the **Email archive** tab for the first time, you will have to activate Email Archive by clicking on the **Activate** button. With this action, a provisioning job will be automatically created.





System settings configuration

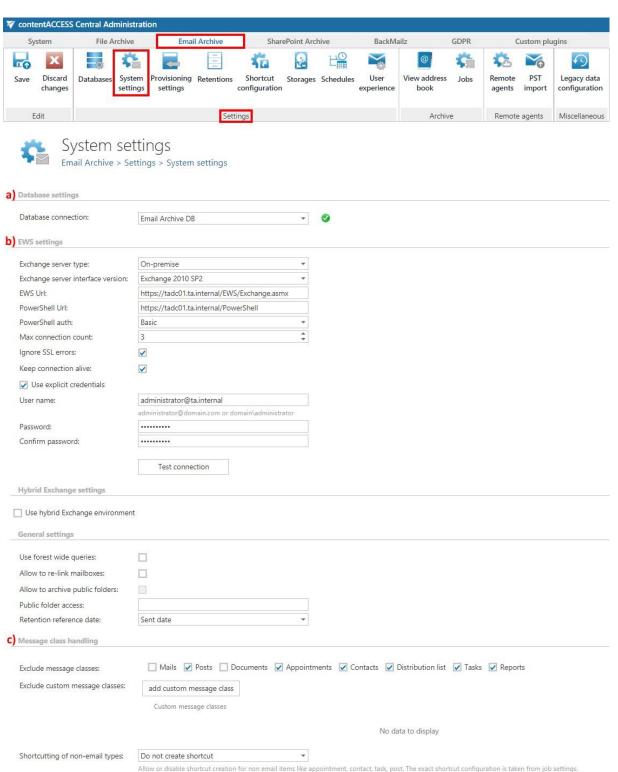
Open the **System setting** page (by navigating to **Email Archive Settings System stips** on the ribbon) and fill in: a) "Email Archive DB" under "Database settings", b) "On-premise" under "EWS settings", check the "Keep connection alive" option, and c) set the global exclude rules of email archiving in section "Message class handling". Now, we exclude everything, except "Mails" and "Documents".

Important: The user specified in *Email Archive* \rightarrow *System settings* \rightarrow *EWS Settings* must have full access to the mailbox(es) to be archived and must have "View-Only Organization Management" rights on the Exchange. If Mail app will be also used, then *Organization management rights* are required.

Important: In case of **custom Exchange solution(s)** used for emails, the **custom email properties will not be archived!** The recommended solution: do not archive these emails and/or use the exclude feature for these custom message classes.

It is also important to remember the *Message class handling* settings configured on *System settings page* always take priority over the Exclude settings of the Email archiving job.





a) Database settings. Here, the database will be selected, which will be used by the provisioning job. The provisioning job will store the metadata (mailbox permissions, group memberships, etc.) during the synchronization process.



b) EWS Settings. Under Exchange server type and Exchange server interface version, select the type and version of the Exchange server, where your email provider is running. Then, enter the EWS URL, PowerShell URL, and the PowerShell authentication. These data must be requested from the email provider you use. The maximum count of connection-attempts can be determined under Max. connection count option.

Note: It is possible to configure O365 connection here. If you select O365 from the **Exchange server type** dropdown list, **Exchange server interface version**, **EWS URL**, **PowerShell URL**, and the **PowerShell authentication** will be automatically pre-filled.

It is also possible to disregard any SSL errors by checking the checkbox **Ignore SSL errors**.

Keep connection alive: If it is turned on, then the connection between contentACCESS and the Exchange server is cached, which increases the performance.

- If you are communicating with one Exchange server: turn it on to increase performance.
- If you have a load balanced Exchange environment and there are communication problems

with the Exchange: it is recommended to turn it off.

Enter the **User name** and **Password** for explicit credentials or log in under service-credentials and run a test connection via **Test** button.

c) Message class handling. This feature can be useful for companies with a policy that certain message classes, e.g., Contacts, Tasks etc. mustn't be archived. Here, you can also exclude custom message classes, e.g., if your company already has emails archived by a product from another company, then you can exclude these already archived emails from the re- archiving process.

Adjusting retentions

Open the **Retentions** page (*Email Archive* Settings Retentions) and configure the disposition that the dispositio

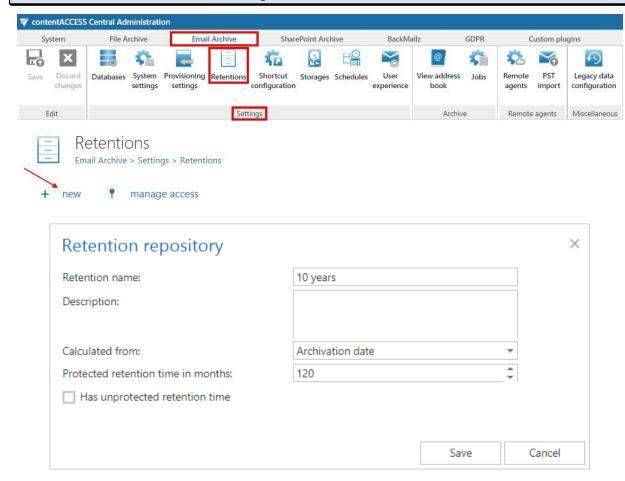


in months (120).

Note: During this retention time, the archived items will not be deleted from the selected storage. The first created retention will be automatically set to default. This option is



Retentions page, using the given retention's context menu. Default retentions are used by the Mail app and OWA integration (by archiving/restoring from the mailbox directly). For more information, refer to the online guide here.



HTML shortcut configuration

Open the Shortcut configuration page (*Email Archive Settings Shortcut configuration*). hsection HTML Templates, click + new to create a default HTML template file. Name this HTML "Default" (Screenshot A). Then click + new option under the breadcrumbs, and according to Screenshot B, create an HTML shortcut with name "Shortcut HTML". In the repository window, select the "Default" template you created a while ago.

If you check the **Keep formatted body** checkbox, the original HTML body won't be converted to plain text during the shortcut creation, but the system will try to inject the attachment links



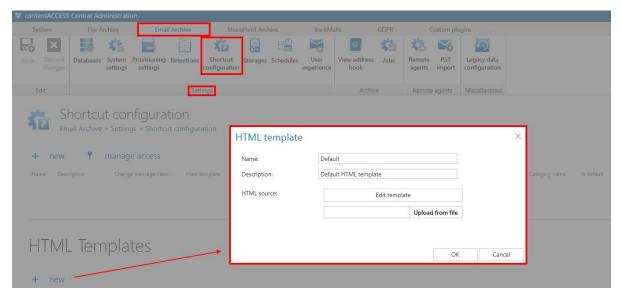
into the existing message body. A template, which supports this formatting option, must be selected.



It will also become possible to keep inline attachments in the mail body by checking the **Keep** inline attachments checkbox.

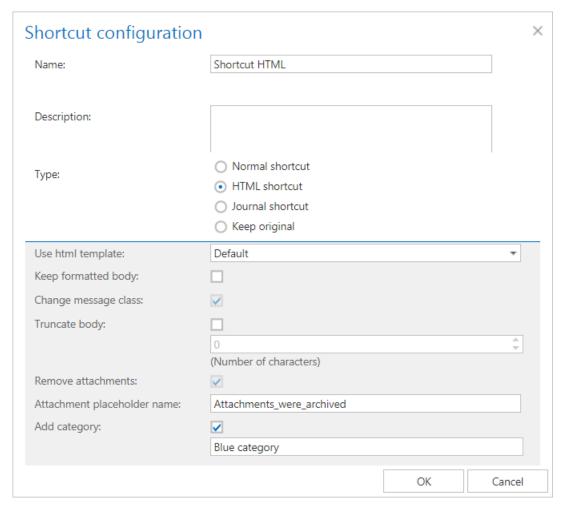
The **Remove attachments** checkbox is checked by default for HTML shortcuts. Removed attachments can be later retrieved by double clicking on the archived email in the compose window. It is also possible to specify here the **Attachment placeholder name**.

If you want a category to be added to the archived emails, check the **Add category** checkbox and type the name of the category into the textbox.



Screenshot A





Screenshot B

shortcut instead of Normal shortcut. Normal shortcut works only in MS Outlook if contentACCESS Outlook forms are installed. The HTML shortcut will work with MS Outlook and OWA. If HTML shortcut is used, then the archived email message and the attachment are accessible using the links in the HTML. The archived emails will be marked with the category you select under 'Add category' option. Thanks to the **Remove attachments** option, the attachments will be stored separately from the body of the email message.

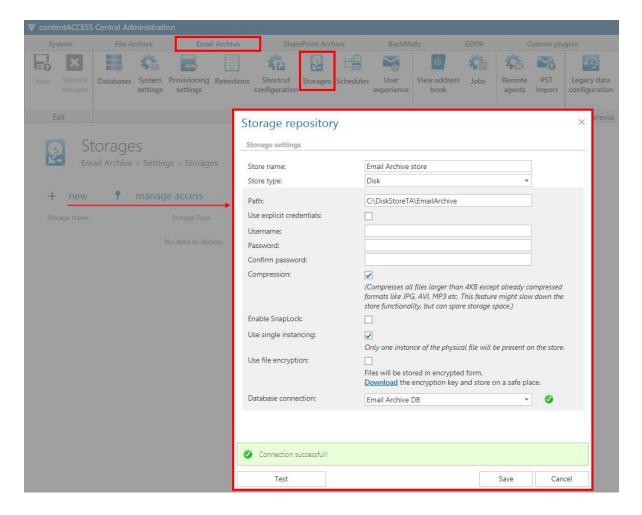
The shortcut created, at first, is automatically set to default. Default shortcut is used by manual archiving by the Mail app and OWA integration. The option is configurable on the **Shortcut configuration** page using the context menu.

The HTML Templates are free for editing. The size of a HTML-template cannot exceed **32 kB**; for this reason, it is not recommended to use MS Word for editing HTML templates.



Creating a disk store with name "Email Archive store"

Open the **Storages** page (*Email archive* Settings Storages), click + new and fill the values in the "Storage repository" window. Name it ("Email Archive store"), select the "Disk" type store, and fill in the path: "C:\DiskStoreTA\EmailArchive". By checking the Compression checkbox, all files larger than 4 kilobytes will be compressed, except of already compressed file formats such as JPG, MP3 etc. If you wish to keep only one copy of the physical file in the store, check the **Use single instancing** checkbox. Compression and Single instancing can spare a lot of space in the database. Under Database connection, select single "Email Archive DB" that we created in Step 4 above.





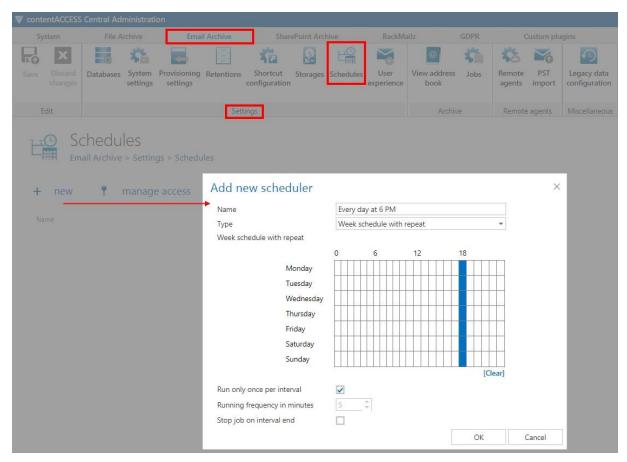
The location you set here will be used to store your binaries. If an explicit user will not be selected for this storage, then the contentACCESS service user will be used automatically. The store must also have **enough free space** and the data on it must be secured against data loss (a backup must be created).

The storage created first will be set to default automatically.

Configuring the provisioning and archive scheduler

Configure 2 schedulers, one for the provisioning job, the second for the email archive job.

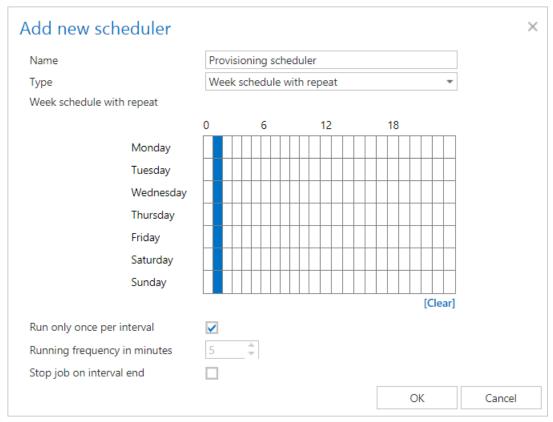
Open the Schedules page (*Email Archive* Settings Schedules) and click option + new. (Red"Week schedule with repeat" scheduler with name "Every day at 6 PM". Check the Run only once per interval checkbox (we do not need to run the archiving multiple times in the interval). Fix the start time of the email archive job running in the week map (Screenshot A).



Screenshot A



For the provisioning scheduler: on the same page, create a "Week schedule with repeat" scheduler with name "Provisioning scheduler". Check the **Run only once per interval** checkbox (we do not need to run the job multiple times in the interval). Fix the start time 1 AM – of the provisioning running in the week map (Screenshot B).



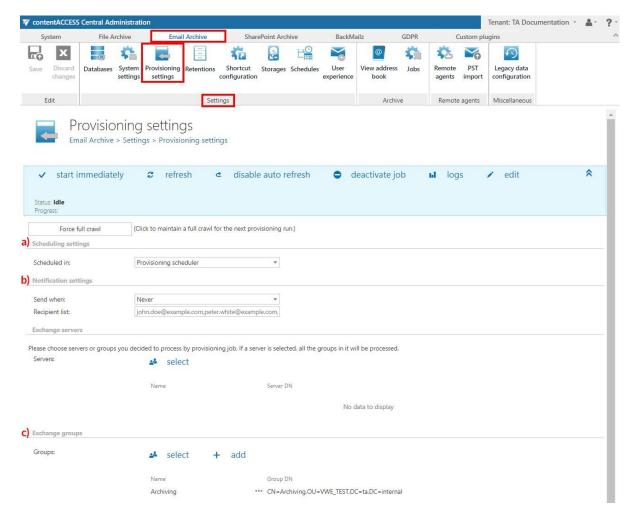
Screenshot B

Provisioning settings

Open the **Provisioning settings** page on the ribbon (*Email Archive Settings*). Configure the provisioning as follows: a) set the "Provisioning scheduler" from the list,

b) under Notification settings, choose "Never" from the dropdown list (monitoring job will check potential system and job misconfigurations), and c) under Exchange groups, click + select and add "Archiving" to the list of objects to be provisioned.





Important!!! The provisioning job synchronizes the Exchange with the contentACCESS Address book. Therefore, the **Provisioning job must run before the archiving process is started**. We configured a daily scheduler starting at 1 AM for the provisioning job and a daily scheduler from 6 PM for the email archiving job. It is also a solution to start the provisioning job manually to ensure all the selected objects are synchronized into contentACCESS.

The provisioning job is an elementary job to one or more email archive jobs, which should extract Exchange groups and subgroups and synchronize these changes and mailbox permissions with contentACCESS. If the whole Exchange server is selected, then it is redundant to select Exchange groups for processing.

Under **Notification settings**, you can also set where and when to send emails about the potential errors, warnings that might occur during the running of the synchronization. It is



recommended to send these emails when errors occur, but if you use the monitoring feature, then this step can



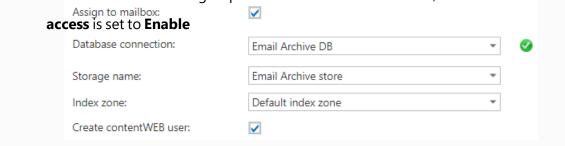
be disregarded. If you use notifications, then it must be first configured in System Services

Notifications.



Under Archive settings, check the Assign to mailbox checkbox. 3 dropdowns and the Create contentWEB user checkbox will appear. With the dropdowns it is possible to select the default Database, Store and Index zone for the mailboxes. During the run of the provisioning job, if there are new mailboxes provisioned, the selected Database, Store and Index zone will be automatically assigned to them. Check also the Create contentWEB user checkbox (this must be enabled to automatically give access to end users). Thanks to this, a contentACCESS user will be created with the selected Mailbox owner role in case that Create contentWEB access is set to Inherit in the Address book for that mailbox AND:

- the mailbox is not in any group and Create contentWEB access is not set to
 Forbidden for the server in Address book, OR
- for all the groups the mailbox is a member of, the **Create contentWEB access** is set to **Inherit** in Address book and **Create contentWEB access is not set to Forbidden** for the server in Address book, **OR**
- for at least one of the groups the mailbox is a member of, the **Create contentWEB**



Creating a Content indexing job

Now we create a **Content indexing** job, which will assign the selected index zone to emails of the

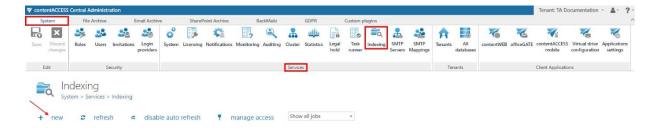


selected entities.

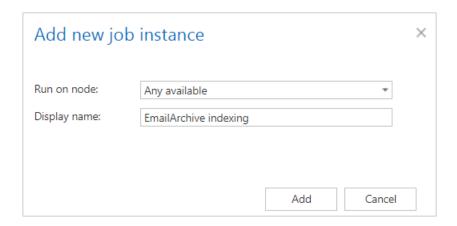


a) On the page of **Indexing** (**System** → **Services Indexing**) click on + **new** option under

Indexing.



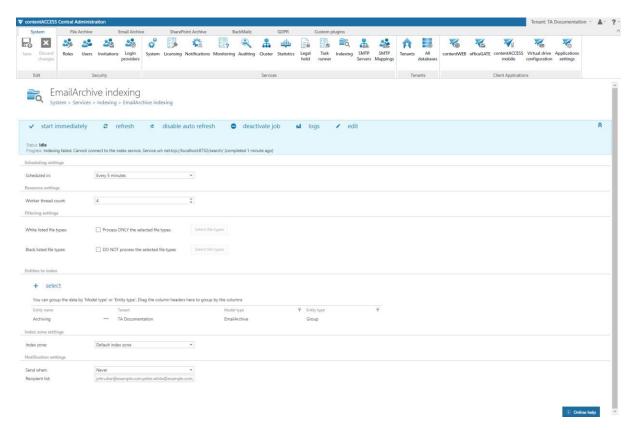
b) Name the indexing job (in our case, EmailArchive indexing) and select the node it will run on. Click on **Add**. When the system asks if you would like to configure this instance now, select **Yes**.



The administrator must configure these sections on the job's configuration page:

- c) Scheduling settings run every 5 minutes
- **d)** Resource settings specify the number "4"
- e) Filtering settings set here the file types that should and shouldn't be processed
- **f) Entities to index** select the entities that will be processed by the job (in our case the EmailArchive group)
- **g) Index zone settings** set the index zone that will be assigned to items by the indexing job (in our case, we will use the default one)
- h) Notification settings you can set where and when to send emails about the potential errors

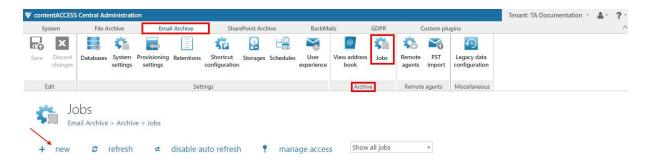




Creating an Email archive job

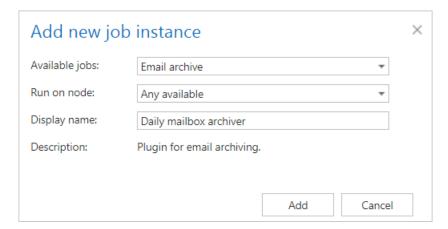
Now we create an Email Archive job.

a) On the page of **Jobs (Email Archive** → **Archive** ✓ **Jobs)** click + **new** option.

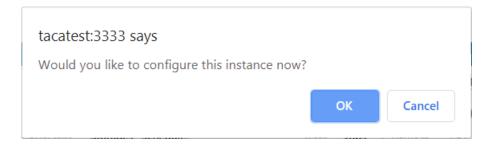


b) Enter the **Display name** (Daily mailbox archiver) into the **Add new job instance** window and click **Add**.





c) Click **OK** in the pop-up window to open the job's configuration page and configure it.



The administrator must configure these sections on the job's configuration page: **Database settings**, **Scheduling settings**, **Storage settings**, **Shortcutting**, **Retention settings**, **Address book objects to process**, **Include folders**. Filtering settings are optional and allow to set specific criteria for the email archiving (age, size, emails to be excluded etc.).

- d) Set "Email Archive DB" that we created in step 4 above. The metadata will be stored here.
- e) Select the "Every day at 6 PM" scheduler we created in step 10 above.
- f) Select the "Email Archive store" storage we configured in step 9 above.
- g) In "Shortcut settings", select "Shortcut HTML" that we configured in step 8 above. By clicking on the **Change** button(s), it is also possible to set filters for the archiving job (more information here).

Note: In the same section, you may set age and size filters that should be used by the archive job. If everything needs to be archived (like in this use case), you can skip these filters.

The shortcut settings allow to combine more shortcut types. If you want to archive your messages, but need to keep them in the mailbox during a certain time (e.g., 6 months) and



them with a shortcut (e.g., HTML), after this time, you can combine the "Keep original" and a second, e.g., HTML shortcut. The screenshot below shows how to combine shortcuts for this use case (for more information, refer to the online guide here):

Shortcutting

Shortcut types:

Apply to NOT ARCHIVED items

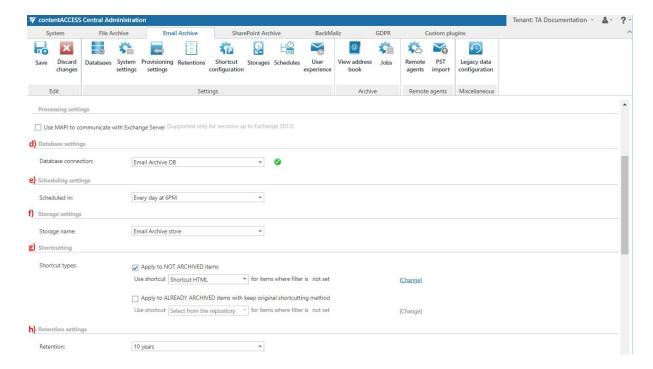
Use shortcut Keep original

Apply to ALREADY ARCHIVED items with keep original shortcutting method

Use shortcut Shortcut HTML

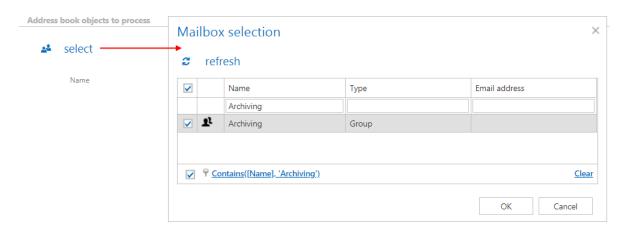
for items where filter is (Sent date older than "6 months(s)") [Change]

h) Select **retention** "10 years", which we configured in step 7.



i) In the next step, select **Archiving** group to be archived. Click **+ select** option in section "Address book objects to process" and search for the desired group in the dialog.





- j) Select the mailbox folder that must be archived in the "Include folders" section. By default, the job is set to process the entire mailbox. Now, we will archive only subfolder "All documents" on the INBOX root, so we set it here. (Refer to the picture below.)
- k) The "Exclude folders" section allows to set folders to be excluded from the archiving.

Important: Exclude rules, defined in **System settings** in step 6 above, take priority over the **Item filtering** settings of the **Archive job**.

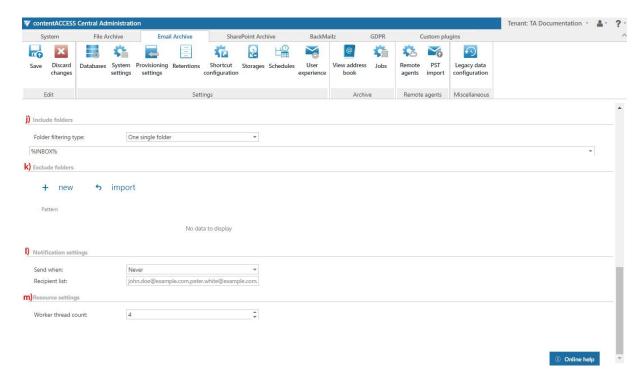
I) Under "Notification settings", select "Never", as we will use the monitoring feature to check the details of possible system or job-related failures.

Note: If you wish to get notification emails if any errors/warning occur during the archiving process, you can set it here. Specify, to be informed about errors, warnings or both, and enter the email address where these notification emails must be sent.

m) Under "Resource settings", set value "4".

Note: This value determines the number of simultaneously processed items by the archive job.





Saving the changes

Save your changes.



The job can be started also manually by clicking on "start immediately" in the header bar of its configuration page:



Archive job events

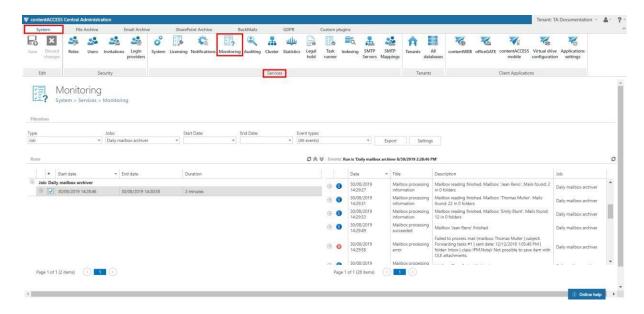
Now, we will check the "Archive job" events to see if everything has run properly. Open the **Monitoring** page (**System Services Monitoring**), using the "logs" option in the



job's header



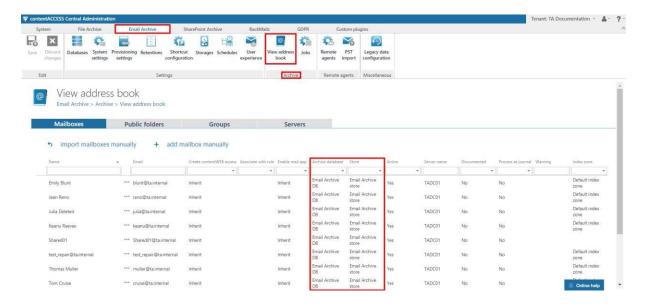
bar. Under "Events", you can see the job has finished the task successfully. Use the **Export** function to export the events into an HTML, XML or CSV file format:



Email archive's Address book

The Archive job will assign the "Email Archive DB" database and "Email Archive store" during its first run. These configurations can be checked on the page of View address book (*Email Archive Archive View address book*), in the corresponding column of the archived mailboxes ite

Exchange mailboxes tab:





Enjoy it!

Enjoy it! Your users can now log in to contentWEB and access their emails.

